

# Signature Global Bond Fund First Quarter 2019

## **Market Overview**

- The U.S. Federal Reserve (the "Fed") pivoted abruptly on the direction of U.S. monetary policy in what became the defining action of the first quarter of 2019. In response to the financial market shocks in the fourth quarter of 2018, the Fed halted interest rate hikes indefinitely, averting a (potential) policy error. Furthermore, the Fed is ending earlier its balance sheet reduction, and has brought renewed focus on correcting for past inflation shortfalls. Markets responded with a risk rally that recaptured the highs of October 2018.
- Despite the credit and equity rally during the quarter, government bond yields globally made substantial new lows as anticipated hikes in interest rates were repriced into interest rate cuts and recession fears emerged in response to weak growth data primarily in Japan and Europe. The lack of room for policy support sparked concern as the European Central Bank postponed its plans to return interest rates to zero from negative territory.
- Similarly, prospects for interest rate cuts from the Bank of Canada took root in market pricing for the first time since 2016 amid lingering risks of renewed trade tensions and concerns of a global economic slowdown, to which Canada would not be immune.
- Chinese stimulus progressed in measured fashion at the meeting in March of the country's National People's Congress where tax cuts and fiscal spending were announced, while further Chinese tariffs were postponed by the Trump administration and meaningful negotiations appear to be progressing. Such outcome helped ease concerns about a potential China hard landing that would accelerate the global economic downturn.
- Emerging markets experienced strong inflows in equities and bonds as investors interpreted the dovish tack by the Fed as something that would quell volatility and U.S.-dollar strength, and by extension, draw yield-seeking investors back toward risk.

## **Performance Summary**

• Class F of Signature Global Bond Fund (the "Fund") returned -0.3% over the first quarter of 2019, closely in line with its benchmark, the J.P. Morgan Global Government Bond Index, which returned -0.4% over the same period. The total return for both the Fund and the





benchmark was predominantly attributed to duration exposure as interest rates globally rallied sharply over the quarter. The Fund's total returns were hurt by currency exposures as the Canadian dollar was one of the best-performing currencies among the G10 countries, which have the world's most heavily traded currencies, and rallied strongly during the first few days of 2019.

On a relative-to-benchmark basis, credit spread exposures – U.S. investment-grade corporates and U.S.-dollar-denominated emerging market sovereigns – contributed 0.39% to the Fund's outperformance as U.S. investment-grade corporate and emerging market sovereign bond spreads tightened approximately 30 basis points (bps) and 40 bps, respectively, during the quarter. An overweight duration positioning in U.S. and Canadian government bonds added 0.32%, while net currency positioning contributed 0.08% to alpha. However, duration positioning in European and Japanese-yen-denominated government bonds detracted 0.41% from alpha, given our underweight stance in these markets.

# Portfolio Activity

- During the quarter, we added to the portfolio's credit spreads exposure, via U.S. investmentgrade corporates, and selected U.S.-dollar-denominated emerging market sovereign bonds. Our view is that continued accommodative policy from major central banks and a rebound in global growth will be supportive of higher-yielding assets and result in a tightening of credit spreads.
- Similarly, we remain overweight in select French government bonds and have added to Spanish government bonds as negative yields in Europe and Japan, together with ample liquidity conditions, provide a conducive environment for further spread compression. Exposure to Italian bonds, however, remains an underweight position for the Fund as a slowdown in growth may weaken the (fragile) political equilibrium in Italy, especially with European elections coming up in May.
- We reduced the Fund's currency exposure to Canadian dollars on the view that weak economic momentum could extend well into the first quarter of 2019, and this would only be exacerbated if a global economic slowdown materialized, prompting the currency to weaken.
- The Fund's exposure to Japanese yen duration remained underweight in favour of higher income-generating Canadian- and U.S.-dollar-denominated bonds.





### Outlook

- During the quarter, the powerful rally in global government bond prices briefly pushed U.S. long-term bond yields below short-term bond yields a so-called inversion of the yield curve. This development was attributable to Fed policy changes and soft economic data. This extreme circumstance has prompted comparisons of global bond markets to Japan where structurally low interest rates have been unable to stimulate inflation. Over the near term, however, our view is that lower yields should serve as a stabilizing force for growth rather than a precipitator of a deflationary contraction.
- Given the near-zero interest rate starting point, policy-makers and politicians are promoting fiscal tools to counter future downturns. We anticipate low interest rates and low growth to persist, resulting in lower returns across many asset classes.
- The rise of populism, far from fading away, is becoming the norm globally. Populist policies tend to be protectionist, rely on increased fiscal spending and lean on currency markets as an element of national competitiveness. This trend is disruptive to markets in the short term, but the long-term effects may defy historical norms. While populist policies have typically resulted in meaningfully higher inflation, secular disinflationary factors currently in play including demographic trends, technological change and record-high negative-yielding debt may challenge that view.

Class F returns (in %) as at March 31, 2019	Year-to- date	1 year	3 year	5 year	10 year
Signature Global Bond Fund	-0.3	0.8	0.1	3.6	3.0

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Published April 2019.

